Steps to Learning New Pieces

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The Mother-Tongue Approach

The Role of Listening

Discrimination Learning vs. Inference Learning

By Rote vs. By Ear

Audiation

Early Ear Training Experiences

Can you sing the A?

Same / Different

Higher / Lower

Understanding the Logic of the Violin

Early Ear Training Experiences

Matching Pitch / Finding Individual Notes
All notes in the A Major Scale

Two Note Diatonic Patterns (ascending and descending) A-B, B-C#, C#-D, D-E, E-D, E-F#, etc.

Two Note Intervals (ascending and descending) A-C#, B-D, C#-E, E-C#, etc.

Early Ear Training Experiences

Three Note Diatonic Patterns (ascending and descending)
A-B-C#, E-D-C#, etc.

Three Note Arpeggiated Patterns (ascending and descending)
A-C#-E, E-D-B, B-D-F#, D-F#-A, etc.

Active Listening and Passive Listening

Music and Movement

The Monkey Song

Important Steps for Learning a New Piece Using Lightly Row as an Example

- **Listen** frequently
- Sing *Lightly Row* while **bowing in the air** on your "magic violin"
- Play Lightly Row on the open E String
- Play the preparatory songs and exercises
- Sing phrases with your practice partner using finger numbers, note names, or a neutral syllable showing the pitch direction with your hand
- Practice the piece by phrase
- Practice the piece in different tempi, with and without the recording

Music and Movement

O' Come Little Children

Transitioning from By Rote to By Ear Introducing the "Treasure Hunt"

Every Child Can!Troubleshooting and Problem Solving

Music and Movement

The Minuet Bow Stroke

Thank You!

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